# **CITY OF MERCER ISLAND**

# **COMMUNITY PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT**

9611 SE 36TH STREET | MERCER ISLAND, WA 98040

PHONE: 206.275.7605 | www.mercergov.org

Inspection Requests: Online: <a href="https://www.mybuildingpermit.com">www.mybuildingpermit.com</a> VM: 206.275.7730



# SITE DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION

Worksheet for single family residential development

PROJECT INFORM	MATION				
Permit Number:		Parcel Number:			
Site Address:	3860 W. Mercer Way	Phone Number:	206-601-6823		
Owner Name:	Linnea & Matt Augustine	Date:	9/14/20		
Signature & phor	ne number of Individual who comp	leted this worksheet:			
	Signature		Phone Number		
GENERAL INFOR	MATION				
Will any large tre	es be removed as a result of this d	levelopment activity?	Yes □	No	
	with diameter of greater than or e				
Do you have an A	Accessory Dwelling Unit?	New ADU ■	Existing ADU	No	
Will you be addir	ng air conditioning to the proposed	d development?	Yes □	No	
	al square footage of all propose		_		
(covered and uncovered)on the property? <u>220.3</u> Square Fe				e Feet	
	This is a worksheet and is not a substitute for the Mercer Island Development Regulations. Please consult the Mercer Island City Code. The City may require additional information to be supplies to document compliance with regulations.				
LOT SLOPE					
piece of land cald	Mercer Island City Code, slope is a culated by subtracting the lowest eliting number by the shortest horizolied by 100.	elevation of the property	from the highest e	evatio	n and
LOT SLOPE CALC	ULATIONS				
Highest Elevation	Point of Lot:	205		_ Feet	
Lowest Elevation		181		_ Feet	
Elevation Differe		24		_ Feet	
	nce Between High and Low Points:			_ Feet	
Lot Slope*		15.6		_ %	
	lope is the elevation difference div tions shown on Sheet # A1.0	ided by horizontal distand 	ce multiplied by 100	).	

#### **LOT COVERAGE**

For single family residential development, "lot coverage" is the area of a lot that may be covered by a combination of the buildings and vehicular driving surfaces. Lot coverage is based on "net lot area". Net lot area is the size of the lot minus the area within any access easements on the property that do not provide access to the home on the subject lot. The maximum lot coverage for a specific lot is based upon the lots slope (see above). The area of the lot that <u>cannot</u> be used for lot coverage is "required landscaping area"; the landscaping area is typically improved with either hardscape (see below) or softscape.

**Please note:** Lot coverage is not the same as impervious surface calculations used for drainage review.

Lot Slope	Maximum Lot Coverage (House, driving surfaces, and accessory buildings)	Required Landscaping Area
Less than 15%	40%	60%
15% to less than	35%	65%
30%		
30% to 50%	30%	70%
Greater than 50% slope	20%	80%

#### **ADJUSTMENTS**

A one-time reduction in the required landscaping area and an increase in the allowed maximum lot coverage is allowed if:

- A. The total reduction in required landscaping area shall not exceed 5%, and the total increase in maximum lot coverage shall not exceed 5%; and
- B. The reduction in required landscaping area is associated with:
  - 1. A development proposal that will result in a single-story dwelling with wheelchair accessible entry, and may also include a single-story accessory building; or
  - 2. A development proposal on a flag lot that, after optimizing driveway routing and minimizing driveway width, requires a driveway that is more than the 25% of the allowed lot coverage. The allowed reduction in the required landscaping area and increase in the maximum lot coverage shall not exceed 5% or the area of the driveway in excess of 25% of the lot coverage, whichever is less. For example, a development proposal with a driveway that occupies 27% of the allowed lot coverage, may increase the total lot coverage by 2%
- C. A recorded notice on title, covenant, easement, or other documentation in a form approved by the city, shall be required. The notice on title or other documentation shall describe the basis for the reduced landscaping area an increase in lot coverage.

Does this project include a proposed adjustment? Yes  $\Box$ No П **LOT COVERAGE CALCULATIONS** A. Gross Lot Area 11,250 Square Feet B. Net Lot Area 11,250 Square Feet 3,937.5 C. Allowed Lot Coverage Area **Square Feet** 35 % of Lot D. Allowed Lot Coverage E. Existing Lot Coverage: 1. Main Structure Roof Area 2,690 Square Feet **Square Feet** 2. Accessory Building Roof Area 3. Vehicular Use (driveway, paved access easements [portion used by the lot for access], parking Square Feet 1.661 4. Covered Patios and Covered Decks Square Feet

	5. Total Existing Lot Coverage Area (E1+E2+E3+E4)	) 4,351	Square Feet
F.	(Total Lot Coverage Area Removed)	1,301	Square Feet
G.	Proposed Adjustment for Single Story (Area)	N/A	Square Feet
Н.	Proposed Adjustment for Flag Lot	N/A	Square Feet
I.	Total New Lot Coverage Area:		_
	<ol> <li>Main Structure Roof Area</li> </ol>		Square Feet
	2. Accessory Structure Roof Area	876.7	Square Feet
	3. Vehicular Use (driveway, paved access	s	
	easement [portion used by the lot for access]	,	
	parking)		_ Square Feet
	<ol><li>Covered Patios and Covered Decks</li></ol>		Square Feet
	5. Total New Lot Coverage Area (I1 + I2 + I3 + I4)	876.7	_
J.	Total Project Lot Coverage Area = (E5 - F) + I5	3926.7	Square Feet
K.	Proposed Lot Coverage Area = (J/B) x 100	34.9	_ % of Lot
Lot c	overage calculations shown on Plan Sheet #	A1.1	

#### **HARDSCAPE**

Up to 9% of the net lot area may consist of hardscape areas. For single family residential development, hardscape is the solid, hard, elements or structures that are incorporated into landscaping. The hardscape includes, but is not limited to, structures, paved areas, stairs, walkways, decks, patios, rockeries and retaining walls, and similar constructed elements that do not have a roof. The hardscape within the landscaping area consists of materials such as wood, stone, concrete, gravel, permeable pavements or pavers, and similar materials. Hardscape does not include solid, hard elements or structures that are covered by a minimum of two feet of soil intended for softscape (for example, a septic tank covered with at least two feet of soil and planted shrubs is not hardscape). The hardscape does not include driving surfaces or buildings. In addition, unused lot coverage may also be improved with hardscape.

#### HARDSCAPE CALCULATIONS

^	Cross Lat Area	44.050	Carrage Foot
A.	Gross Lot Area	11,250	Square Feet
В.	Net Lot Area	11,250	Square Feet
C.	Area Borrowed from Lot Coverage		Square Feet
D.	Allowed Hardscape Area = 9% of lot area + C	9	% of Lot
E.	Allowed Hardscape Area	1012.5	Square Feet
F.	Total Existing Hardscape Area:		
	<ol> <li>Uncovered Decks</li> </ol>	220.3	Square Feet
	2. Uncovered Patios	317	Square Feet
	3. Walkways		Square Feet
	4. Stairs		Square Feet
	<ol><li>Rockeries and Retaining Walls</li></ol>	54	Square Feet
	6. Other	_	Square Feet
	7. Total Existing Hardscape Area		
	(F1+F2+F3+F4+F5+F6)	591.3	Square Feet
G.	(Total Hardscape Area Removed)	266	Square Feet
Н.	Total New Hardscape Area:		
	<ol> <li>Uncovered Decks</li> </ol>		Square Feet
	2. Uncovered Patios	206	Square Feet
	3. Walkways	198.8	Square Feet
	4. Stairs		Square Feet
	<ol><li>Rockeries and Retaining Walls</li></ol>		Square Feet

	6. Other Planters	117.4	Square Feet
	7. Total New Hardscape Area		
	(H1+H2+H3+H4+H5+H6)	522.2	Square Feet
I.	Total Project Hardscape Area = (F7 - G) + H7	847.5	Square Feet
J. Total Project Hardscape Area = (I/D)x100		7.5	% of Lot
Hard	dscape calculations shown on Plan Sheet #	A1.1	

## **GROSS FLOOR AREA (GFA)**

For single family residential development, GFA is the total square footage of floor area, bounded by the exterior faces of the building(s). The GFA includes the floor area of the main building, accessory buildings, garages, attached roofed decks on the second or third story of a single family home, staircases, etc. The GFA does not include second- or third-story uncovered decks or uncovered rooftop decks.

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#### **Allowed GFA**

- A. R-8.4: 5,000 square feet or 40% of the lot area, whichever is less.
- B. R-9.6: 8,000 square feet or 40% of the lot area, whichever is less.
- C. R-12: 10,000 square feet or 40% of the lot area, whichever is less.
- D. R-15: 12,000 square feet or 40% of the lot area, whichever is less.
- E. All zones: Lots with a lot area of 7,500 square feet or less, the lesser of 3,000 square feet or 45% of the lot area.
- F. All zones: If an accessory dwelling unit is proposed, the 40% allowed GFA may be increased by the lesser of 5 percentile points, or the floor area of the accessory dwelling unit. Provided, this allowance shall not result in a GFA of more than 4,500 square feet or 45% of the lot area, whichever is less.

#### **GFA Modifiers**

The GFA calculation for a floor with a ceiling height of 12 to 16 feet, is 150% of the area of the floor.

The GFA calculation for a floor with a ceiling height of more than 16 feet, is 200% of the area of the floor.

The GFA calculation for a stair case shall be counted as a single floor for the first two stories accessed by the stair case. For each additional story above two stories, the stair case shall count as a single floor area.

\*Floor plans shall identify rooms with a ceiling height of more than 12 feet and rooms with a ceiling height of more than 16 feet.

All building areas must be identified and labeled on the site plan. Please distinguish all new construction from existing areas on both your drawing and in the calculations you complete below.

Will you be excluding a portion of the basement floor area?

Yes □ No □

If yes, you must provide basement floor area calculations, with your building permit application, that show how you determined what portion of the basement will be excluded. Refer to page 6.

#### **GROSS FLOOR AREA CALCULATIONS**

<b>Building Area</b>	<b>Existing Area</b>		Removed Area		New/Additio	New/Addition Area		Total	
Upper Floor	0	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq. Ft.	
Main Floor	1478.9	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq. Ft.	1478.9	Sq. Ft.	
Gross Basement Area	1367.9	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq. Ft.	1367.9	Sq. Ft.	
Garage/ Carport	433	Sq. Ft.	433	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq. Ft.	
<b>Total Floor Area</b>	3279.8	Sq. Ft.	433	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq. Ft.	2846.8	Sq. Ft.	
Accessory Buildings	0	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq. Ft.	647.8	Sq. Ft.	647.8	Sq. Ft.	

Accessory Dwelling Unit	0	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq.	Ft.	700.5		Sq. Ft.	700.5	_ Sq. Ft.
$2^{nd}$ & $3^{rd}$ Story Roofed										
Decks	0	Sq. Ft.	0	Sq.	Ft.	0		Sq. Ft.	0	Sq. Ft.
Basement Area		Sq. Ft.		Sq.	Ft.			Sq. Ft.		Sq. Ft.
Excluded	0		0			0			0	
150% GFA Modifier*		Sq. Ft.		Sq.	Ft.			Sq. Ft.		Sq. Ft.
(main and upper floor										
x2)	0		0			62.2			93.3	_
200% GFA Modifier*		Sq. Ft.		Sq.	Ft.			Sq. Ft.		Sq. Ft.
(main and upper floor										
x2)	0		0			0			0	_
Staircase GFA Modifier*		Sq. Ft.		Sq.	Ft.			Sq. Ft.		Sq. Ft.
(x2 for a three story										
staircase, x3 for a four										
story staircase)	0		0			0			0	_
<b>TOTAL Building Area</b>	3279.8	Sq. Ft.	433	Sq.	Ft.	1410.5	)	Sq. Ft.	4288.4	_ Sq. Ft.
*Enter the actual room a	rea									
A. Lot Area					11,	250			Square Fe	et
B. Zone R-8.4		R-9.6	6 <b></b>		R-	12		R-15	_ ·	
C. Allowed Gross Floor	r Area (ref	er to "all	lowed GFA")		5,0	62.5			Square Fe	et
D. Allowed Gross Floor					45				% of Lot	
E. Proposed Gross Floor Area				•	4,2	88.4			_ Square Fe	et
F. Proposed Gross Floor Area					38.				% of Lot	
Gross floor area calculation	ons found	on Plan	Sheet #	•	A1.	1			_	
Basement exclusion calcu	lations fo	und on P	lan Sheet #	•	N/A	١				

#### **BUILDING HEIGHT**

All building height measurements must be taken from existing grade or finished grade, whichever is lower. Existing grade refers to ground surface as it exists at the proposed building perimeter before grading or other alterations take place. Finished grade refers to the ground surface as it exists at the building perimeter after grading or other alterations take place.

Single family new construction and additions are limited to a maximum height of 30 ft. above the Average Building Elevation (ABE) – see section on next pages. The height is measured to the top of the structure. On the downhill side of a sloping lot, the wall façade height is also limited to a height of 30 feet measured from existing or finished grade (whichever is lower) to the top of the exterior wall facade supporting the roof framing, rafters, trusses, etc.

A topographic survey is required at permit application when the proposed building height is within 2 ft. of the allowable building height. The survey must include a statement that attests the average contour elevation within the vicinity of the building footprint to be accurate within 6 inches vertically and horizontally from actual elevations.

#### **BUILDING HEIGHT CALCULATIONS** A1.0 A. Average Building Elevation (ABE) calculations located on sheet #:

223 B. Allowable Building Height (ABE + 30 ft.)

Feet 217.5 C. Proposed Building Height Feet Feet

206.47 D. Benchmark Elevation\* E. Describe Benchmark Location (must be undisturbed throughout project)

F. Sloping lot (Downhill side)- maximum height of top of exterior wall façade above lowest existing grade (30-ft max)

G. ABE and Allowable Building Height Shown on elevations plan sheet #

H. Topo-survey Accuracy Attested on Plan Sheet #

Survey

Note: survey must attest to accuracy when proposed building height is within 2 feet of the allowable building height. Please see page 8 for more information on calculating Average Building Elevation (ABE)

#### **BASEMENT FLOOR AREA CALCULATION**

The Mercer Island Development Code allows for the portion of the basement floor area which is below grade to be excluded from the Gross Floor Area. That portion of the basement which will be excluded is calculated as shown:

Portion of Excluded Basement Floor Area = Total Basement Area x

Σ (Wall Segment Coverage x Wall Segment Length)

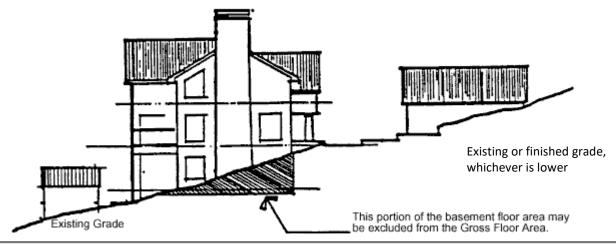
Total of all Wall Segment lengths

#### Where the terms are defined as follows:

**Total Basement Area:** The total amount of all basement floor area.

Wall Segment The portion of an exterior wall below existing or finished grade, whichever is lower. It is

**Coverage:** expressed as a percentage. Refer to example below. **Wall Segment Length:** The horizontal length of each exterior wall in feet.



#### **EXAMPLE OF BASEMENT FLOOR AREA CALCULATION**

This example illustrates how a portion of the basement floor area may be excluded from the Gross Floor Area. In order to complete this example, the following information is needed:

- a. A topographic map of the existing (e) grades and showing proposed finished (f) grades.
- b. Building plans showing dimensions of all exterior wall segments and floor areas.
- c. Building elevations showing the location of existing and finished grades in relation to basement level.

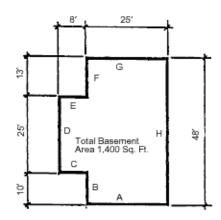
#### **Step One**

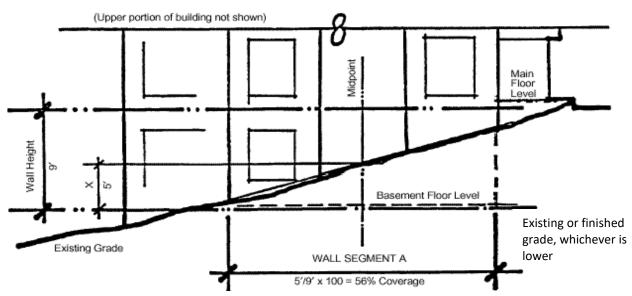
Determine the number and lengths of the Wall Segments.

<sup>\*</sup>The benchmark elevation is a fixed elevation point on or off site that will not be disturbed during development activity and is used to verify the final building height.

#### **Step Two**

Determine the Wall Segment Coverage (in %) for each Wall Segment. In most cases this will be readily apparent, for example a downhill elevation which is entirely above existing and finished grade. In other cases, where the existing contours are complex, an averaging system shall be used. Refer to illustration.





#### **Step Three**

Multiply each Wall Segment Length by the percentage of each Wall Segment Coverage and add these results together. Divide that number by the sum of all Wall Segment Lengths. This calculation will result in a percentage of basement wall which is below grade. (This calculation is most easily completed by compiling a table of the information as illustrated below.)

Wall Segment	Length x	Coverage=	Result
Α	25'	56%	14%
В	10'	0%	0%
В	8'	0%	0%
D	25'	0%	0%
E	8'	0%	0%
F	13'	0%	0%
G	25'	60%	15%
Н	48'	100%	48%
Totals	162'	NA	77%

#### **Step Four**

Multiply the Total Basement Floor Area by the above percentage to determine the Excluded Basement Floor Area. Portion of Excluded Basement Floor Area Calculation below

= 1,400 Sq. Ft. x 47.53%

= 665.42 Sq. Ft. Excluded from the Gross Floor Area

### **CALCULATING AVERAGE BUILDING ELEVATION (ABE)**

No part of a structure may exceed 30 feet in height above the "Average Building Elevation" to the top of the structure, except that on the downhill side of a sloping lot the structure shall not extend to a height greater than 30 feet measured from existing or finished grade to the top plate of the roof; provided the roof ridge does not exceed 30 feet in height above the "Average Building Elevation." ABE is defined as: The elevation established by averaging the elevation at existing or finished grade, whichever is lower, at the center of all exterior walls of the completed building.

# NOTE: INCOMPLETE AVERAGE BUILDING ELEVATION INFORMATION COULD SUBSTANTIALLY DELAY THE PROCESSING OF YOUR APPLICATION

#### **AVERAGE BUILDING ELEVATION FORMULA:**

(Mid-point Elevation of Individual Wall Segment) x (Length of Individual Wall Segment)

(Total Length of Wall Segments)

-OR-

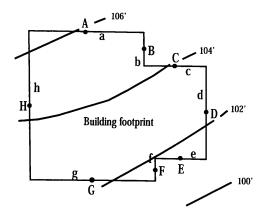
(Axa)+(Bxb)+(Cxc)+(Dxd)+(Exe)+(Dxd)+(Exe)+(Fxf)+(Gxg)+(Hxh)

$$a+b+c+d+e+f+g+h$$

WHERE: A,B,C,D... = Lower of Finished or Existing Ground Elevation at Midpoint of Wall

Segment

AND: a,b,c,d... = Length of Wall Segment Measured on Outside Wall



MIDPOINT E	LEVATION	WALL SEGME	NT LENGTH
A =	105.9 feet	a =	30 feet
B =	104.7 feet	b =	9 feet
C =	103.7 feet	c =	17 feet
D =	102.7 feet	d =	25 feet
E =	101.6 feet	e =	13 feet
F =	101.7 feet	f =	6 feet
G =	102.2 feet	g =	34 feet
H =	104.5 feet	h =	40 feet

#### **ABE CALCULATION:**

(105.9)(30)+(104.7)(9)+(103.7)(17)+(102.2)(25)+(101.6)(13)+(101.7)(6)+(102.2)(34)+(104.5)(40)

$$30 + 9 + 17 + 25 + 13 + 6 + 34 + 40$$

NOTE: This example is not to scale. Site plans submitted to the building department must be to scale.

# BEFORE SUBMITTING YOUR CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS, CHECK TO SEE THAT YOU HAVE PROVIDED THE INFORMATION BELOW.

The site plan and the elevation drawings must be drawn to scale, for example $1'' = 20'$ , and based on a
survey.
Clearly show existing topography on your site plan. Topography should be shown in 2' increments.
Submit (with the site plan) your average building elevation calculations using the formula provided on page
8.
Indicate on an elevation drawing where the average building elevation strikes the building and the proposed
ridge elevation (see below for example).
Elevation drawings for all sides of the building.
Indicate on the site plan the elevation of the finished floor or garage slab.
Indicate the elevation and location of a fixed point (benchmark) within the ADJACENT RIGHT-OF-WAY or
other point approved by the Building Official. The benchmark elevation and location must be provided and
cannot be a part of the proposed structure. Note: Benchmark must be established, verified by a licensed
surveyor and remain during construction so height can be verified when completed.
For additions, you must provide an average building elevation calculation for the entire structure.
If a portion of the basement floor area will be excluded from the gross floor area, provide the exclusion
calculations with your site plan. The formula for basement area exclusions is shown on page 6.
Indicate ceiling heights greater than 12' and greater than 16' on floor plans.

## **CROSS-SECTION REPRESENTATION OF ABE**

